

## Prescribing Clinical Network

Policy Statement	Nicotinic Acid for the treatment of familial hypercholesterolaemia
Policy No:	PCN 254 - 2017
	March 2017
Date of Issue	
	March 2020
	(Unless new published evidence becomes available
Review Date:	before this date OR there is new published national
	guidance e.g. NICE)

## **Recommendations:**

NICE CG71 (updated in July 2016) recommends patients with familial hypercholesterolaemia (FH) with intolerance or contraindications to statins or ezetimibe, should be offered a referral to a specialist with expertise in FH for consideration for treatment with either a bile acid sequestrant (resin), nicotinic acid, or a fibrate to reduce their LDL-C concentration.

At the time of publication of CG71 nicotinic acid was available as a licensed product. Nicotinic acid is no longer available as a licensed product in the UK (Niaspan license withdrawn in June 2011), and other licensed treatments are available for FH. Therefore, the PCN recommends nicotinic acid is classified as **BLACK** on the traffic light system for this indication.

Patients that are currently being treated with Nicotinic Acid for the treatment of familial hypercholesterolaemia\* should have their treatment reviewed. It should be a shared decision between the NHS clinician and the patient as to whether it is appropriate for the treatment to be stopped.

\*Some patient's may have been initiated on Nicotinic Acid prior to NICE recommendations

## **Key considerations:**

NICE CG71 <a href="https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg71/resources/familial-hypercholesterolaemia-identification-and-management-975623384005">https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg71/resources/familial-hypercholesterolaemia-identification-and-management-975623384005</a>

Date taken to Prescribing Clinical Network	March 2017
Agreed by PCN members	23 <sup>rd</sup> March 2017